



ESTADO PLURINACIONAL DE BOLIVIA

MINISTERIO DE RELACIONES EXTERIORES
SUYUKUNAWAN RIMANAKUY KAMACHIO WASI
ANQAXA MARKANAKAMPI TUMPASINA KAMANI
MBOROKUAINESIROA IRU TETAGUASURETA NDIVE REGUA



Bolivia facing Climate Change

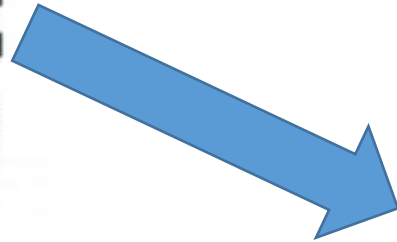
Bolivia's position in the face of Climate Change

2006 - 2010

- Denounced capitalism as the structural cause of Global Climate Change.
- Put forth the need to give a “voice” to communities around the world.



Turning Point



Ley N°071
Derechos de la
Madre Tierra

- It was proposed the recognition of the Rights of Mother Earth
 - At the national level: Law N° 71 on the Rights of Mother Earth
 - Collective rights of human beings and their ways of life

Bolivia's Achievements in the Paris Agreement

Recognizes:

- As the basis of the agreement, the principle of common but differentiated responsibilities
- The importance of guaranteeing Mother Earth's integrity
- Equitable access to sustainable development and the eradication of poverty in the fight against climate change
- The rights of indigenous peoples
- The inclusion of the message of Climate Justice
- The incorporation of a joint focus on mitigation and adaptation for the comprehensive and sustainable management of forests





Estado Plurinacional de Bolivia

Climate Governance in Bolivia

Legal Framework on Climate Change

2012

Law 71 (2010)

Law on the Rights of Mother Earth

2012

Law 300 (2012)

***Framework Law on Mother Earth and
Comprehensive Development for Living Well***

2013

Supreme Decree 1696

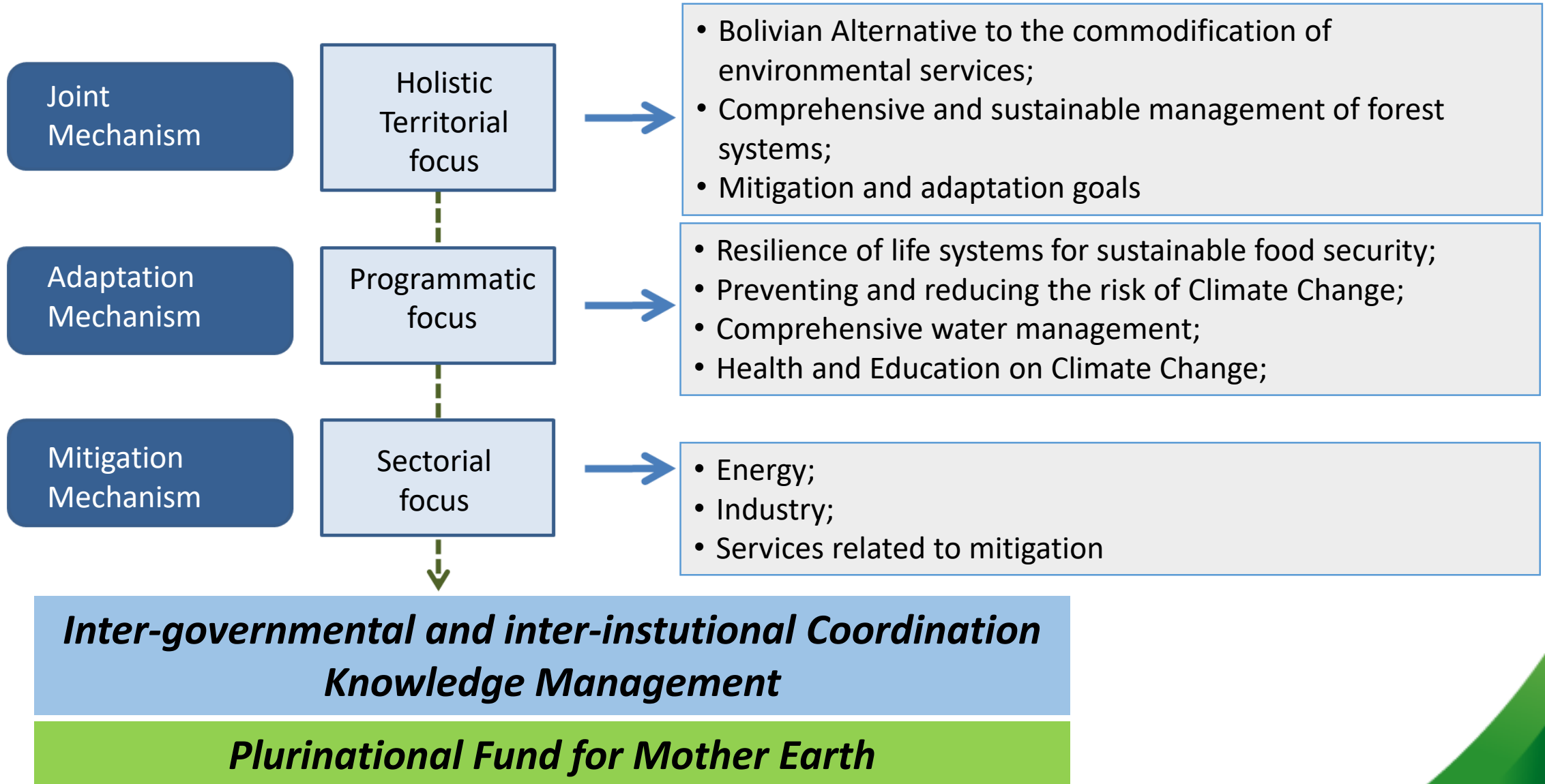
***Regulates the functioning of the Plurinational Authority of
Mother Earth and its operating mechanisms***

2016

Law 777

***Incorporates Risk Management and Climate Change in the
State's Comprehensive Planning System***

Institutionality of Climate Change



Bolivia's Position on climate change at the international level is completely consistent with the Process of Change and of Building the Plurinational State





Estado Plurinacional de Bolivia

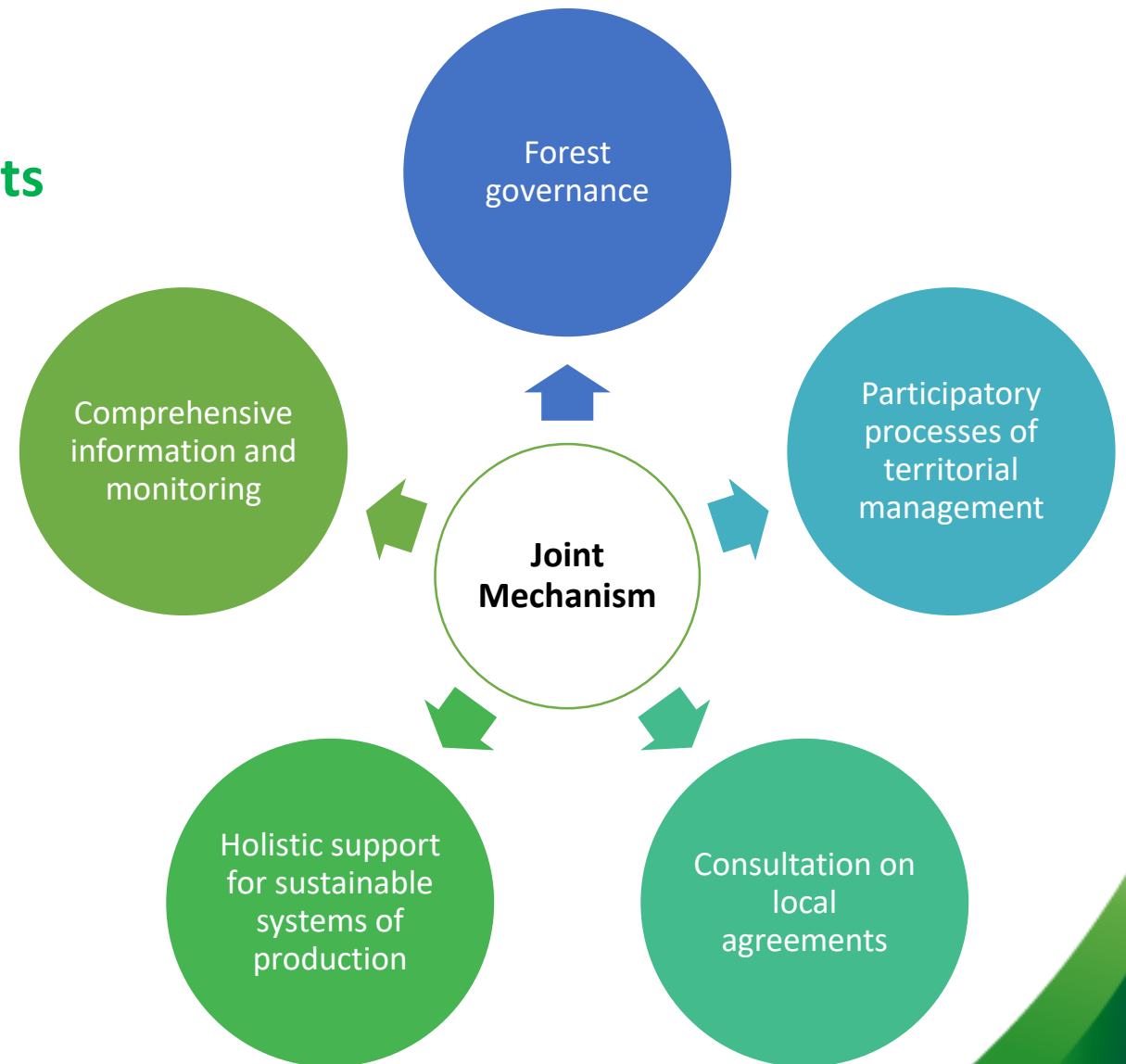
Joint Mechanism for Mitigation and Adaption for the Comprehensive and Sustainable Management of Forests

SCOPE OF THE JOINT MECHANISM

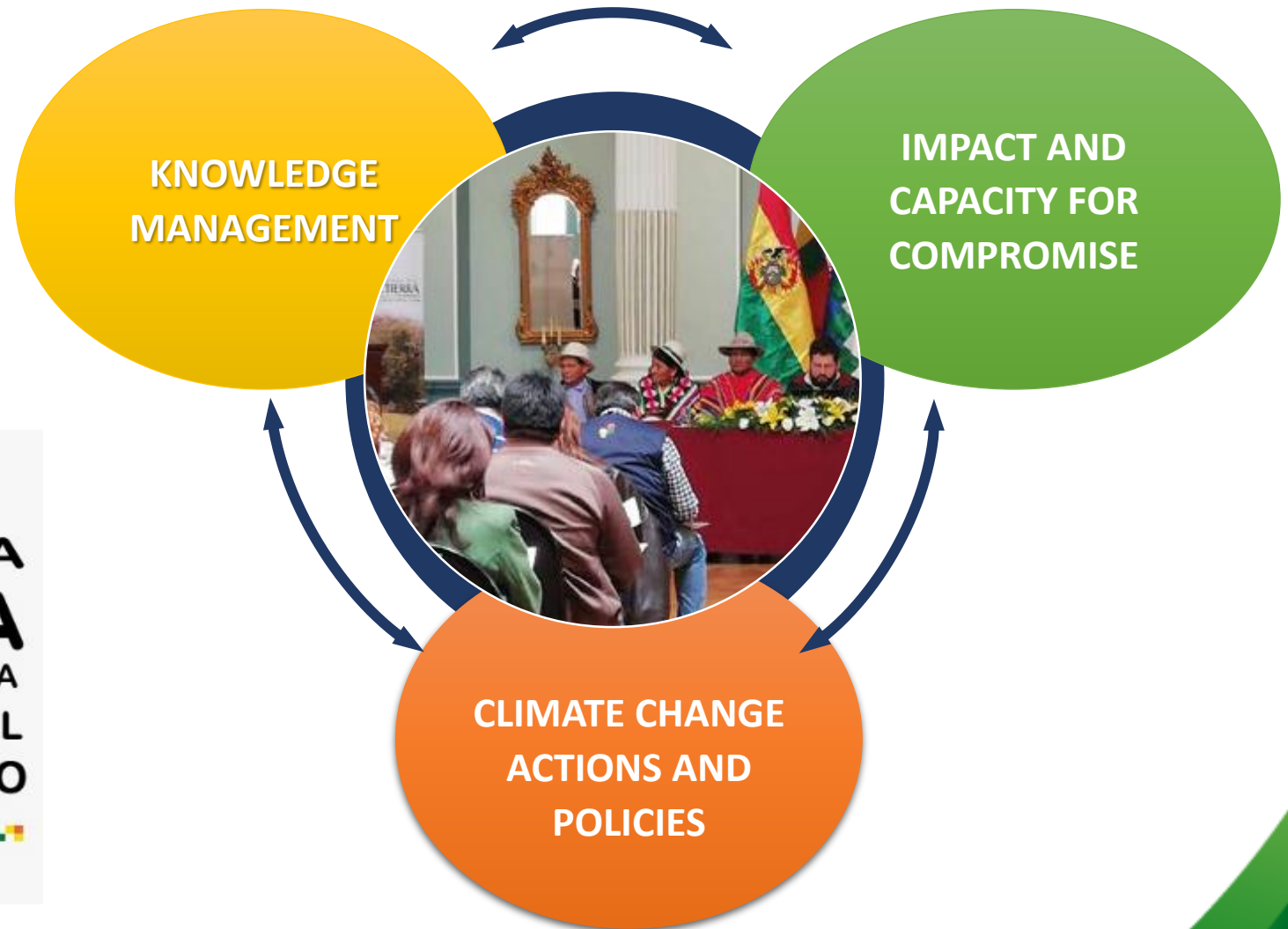
- Proposed as an alternative to REDD+
- Framed with a non-market focus
- Opposed to the commodification of forests

IMPLEMENTATION AUTHORITY

- Public entities at the central level of the State
- Autonomous territorial entities
- Community, social, productive, and non-profit organizations
- Private sector
- Academic institutions



***In Bolivia, in 2017, the
Indigenous, First Nations
and Farmers
Platform against
Climate Change
was created***



ORIENTED TOWARDS CREATING LINKS BETWEEN ALL STATE ACTORS



COP 24 KATOWICE, POLAND



Achievements:

- Operationalizing the Platform for Local Communities and Indigenous Peoples
- Participation of indigenous, First Nations, and farming communities from Bolivia with one voice and one vote

